

S  
H  
A  
D  
O  
W  
O  
F  
D  
E  
A  
T  
H  
H  
A  
N  
G  
S  
O  
V  
E  
R  
T  
W  
I  
N  
C  
I  
T  
I  
E  
S  
W  
H  
E  
N  
P  
R  
E  
S  
I  
D  
E  
N  
T  
T  
A  
F  
T  
R  
E  
A  
C  
H  
E  
S  
T  
H  
E  
R  
E  
O  
N  
H  
I  
S  
B  
I  
G  
T  
O  
U  
R

F  
I  
R  
E  
F  
I  
E  
N  
D  
W  
O  
R  
K  
S  
H  
A  
V  
O  
C  
A  
T  
G  
R  
A  
N  
I  
T  
E

H  
I  
S  
W  
E  
L  
C  
O  
M  
E  
S  
A  
L  
T  
L  
A  
K  
E  
T  
O  
M  
O  
S  
T  
C  
O  
R  
D  
I  
A  
L  
D  
O  
H  
I  
M  
H  
O  
N  
O  
R

From His Bed of Pain Governor of Minnesota Sends Message of Greeting to Chief Executive of the Nation.

**Taft Much Affected by the Governor's Message**

Urges Merging of St. Paul and Minneapolis, and Arouses Enthusiasm as He Recounts Virtues of Both Cities.

**GUEST AT GREAT BANQUET**

Plans for the entertainment of President William H. Taft, during his visit to Salt Lake, the coming week, were discussed further Saturday afternoon at a meeting of the general committee in charge of the arrangements held at the office of Governor William Spry.

United States Senators Reed Smoot and George Sutherland and many other prominent residents of the city and state were at the meeting, and reports were received from the various committees appointed to look after the details.

The meeting started shortly after 2 p. m., Governor Spry arriving after the meeting had been in progress a short time. Senator Smoot took charge of the meeting, and called upon the chairman or members of the several committees for details of the work which is being done.

The outlook is for an almost continuous ovation to the president during his stay in Salt Lake. During the meeting the question of the decoration of the business houses and residences of the city was taken up, and it was decided to appeal to the residents of the city in general, asking them to fly to the breeze any flags or banners which they make have on hand in honor of the president's visit.

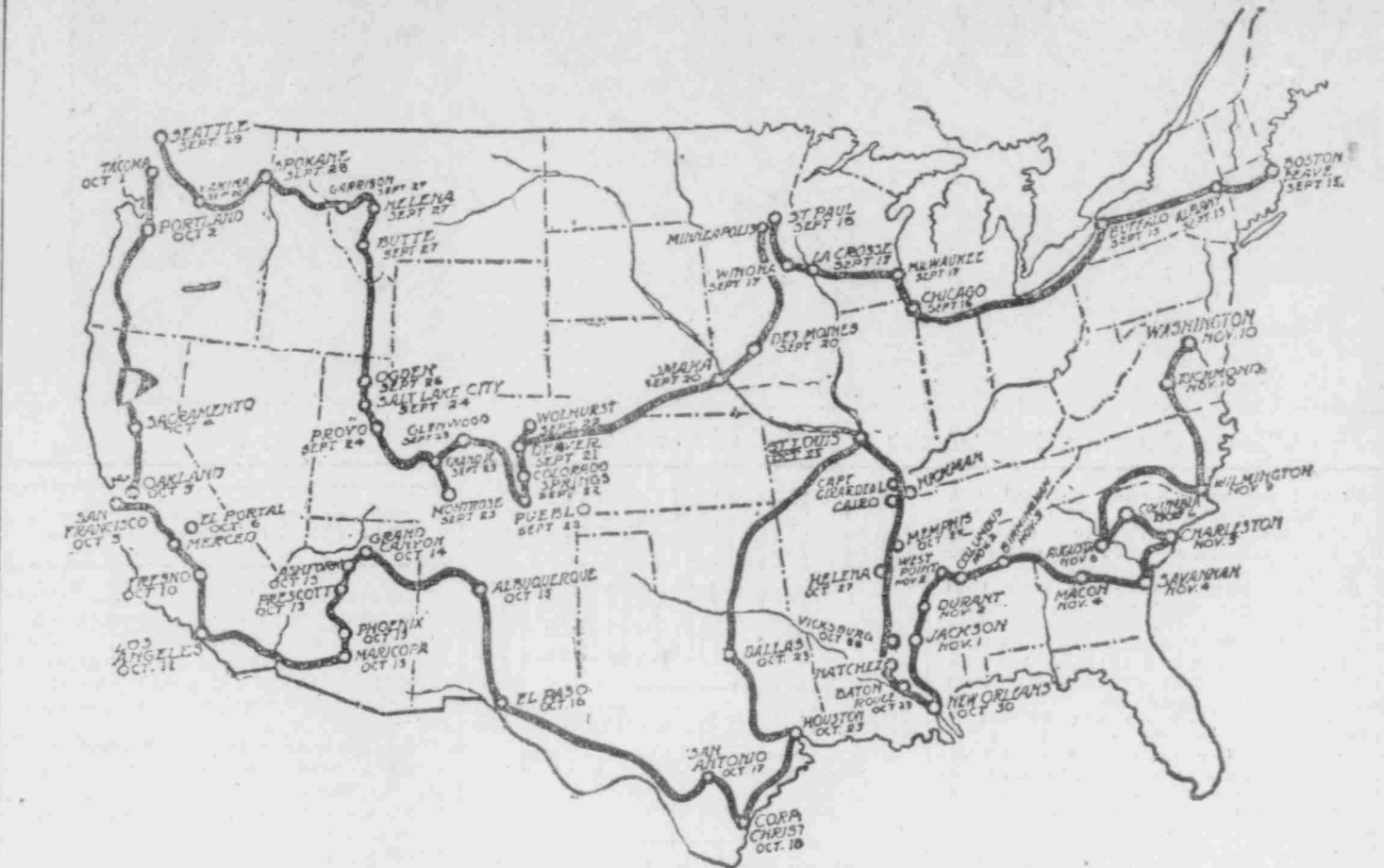
"The committee expects a display on the part of the business people of the city," said Governor Spry, "but it is desired that the citizens generally enter into the spirit of the occasion and display some colors in honor of the distinguished visitor. The president will be shown over a considerable portion of the city, and the decorations should be put up wherever this is possible."

**Reports Are Heard.**

The reports presented by Professor J. J. McClellan, chairman of the music committee, and D. M. Christensen, superintendent of the city schools, chairman of the children's committee, indicate that some interesting details will be offered by both committees. Chairman McClellan presented a report showing that the various bands of the city will have a part, as well as the Tabernacle choir and some of the leading soloists.

An interesting feature will be offered on the morning of Sunday, the last day of the president's stay in the city, when a combined band of about 100 musicians will escort the president from the Knutsford hotel to the tabernacle, where he is to make his address. The musicians are giving their services free, on account of their desire to make the reception to the president as interesting as possible, and as a result of the warm feeling among the members of the Musicians' union for Senator Smoot and other members of the Utah delegation in congress for their efforts in behalf of the musicians in congress.

Superintendent Christensen announced



O  
N  
E  
H  
U  
N  
D  
R  
E  
D  
T  
H  
O  
U  
S  
A  
N  
D  
D  
O  
L  
L  
A  
R  
S  
D  
A  
M  
A  
G  
E  
F  
R  
O  
M  
B  
L  
A  
Z  
E  
W  
H  
O  
S  
E  
O  
R  
I  
G  
I  
N  
I  
S  
N  
O  
T  
K  
N  
O  
W  
N.

Fire originating from unknown causes in the boiler room of the Granite Planing Mill company swept the several acres covered by the buildings and lumber yards of the Granite Lumber company, doing \$100,000 damage, yesterday afternoon.

Early this morning the fire was still burning but well under the control of the firemen.

Lumber stock valued at \$40,000 is a total loss. The three-story buildings on the ground which housed the offices of the Granite Lumber company, the Sugar House Banking company, the Granite drug store and Sugar House meat market, the stove and hardware branch of the lumber company, aside from numerous office rooms, were ruined by the flames and water.

A house owned by the lumber company, and occupied by Isiah Sutherland, south of the yard, was destroyed, the household goods being saved. The planing mill was destroyed within half an hour after the fire broke out, and before the fire department from various city stations could make the long run to Sugar House, every lumber pile in the yard and a huge mountain of coal, containing several hundred tons, were burning briskly.

Aided by a strong wind from the northwest, the flames leaped skyward and, stretching out long tongues to the south, lit up the half a dozen burning sheds belonging to private individuals. The direction of the wind saved the remainder of the business portion of Sugar House, although it played havoc with residents to the south of the fiercely burning yard.

**Bucket Brigade Busy.**

A newly completed cottage belonging to William Smoot, half a block south of the lumber yard, was seriously threatened for some time, and it was only saved by the prompt action of a bucket brigade, which kept the roof and exposed walls wet, thus giving no hold to the clouds of sparks which literally rained a shower of fire on every windward of the burning lumber. Several other private homes were similarly saved.

The fire broke out at 1:20 o'clock in the planing mill, which had been closed for the day at the noon hour, as is known, no employee of the company was in the building at that time, although a fire was still burning in the boiler room. A teamster driving past the mill noticed a thin curl of smoke coming from the side of the boiler room, and upon reaching the office he gave the alarm. With incredible speed the flames burst from the building, were caught by the wind and raced like demons in every direction, enveloping the great piles of lumber in veils of red flame.

The first alarm reached the central station in Salt Lake a few minutes before 2. The apparatus from station No. 5, which was closest to the fire, reached the scene first, but was powerless owing to a defect in the small steamer of that station. It refused to pump the water from the nearby ditch, and it was not until the great steamer from the central station, drawn by four great horses, lumbered up, that a stream of water was thrown on the fire. This was over half an hour after the fire began, and the cause was hopeless.

Chief Glone ordered every stream upon the doomed buildings, which had caught fire under the great heat, even though the wind blew in the opposite direction. There are no water pipes at Sugar House containing any degree of pressure, and it was necessary to pump the entire fire-fighting supply from the stream from Parley's canyon. Four powerful streams were trained on the burning buildings within three minutes after the department arrived, and in another half hour the fire demon had been driven from the buildings and confined to the lumber yard.

**Blaze Under Control.**

At 4 o'clock, two and a half hours after it started, Chief William H. Glone of the fire department pronounced the blaze under control, so far as danger of spreading to other structures in the vicinity was concerned.

With the office buildings freed from the fire, although badly damaged, all hose was turned on the roaring, crackling mass of flame which covered over half a square block, and although the Salt Lake firemen did well, their plucky efforts were utterly useless to save any of the lumber in the yard.

Continued on Page 2.

H  
I  
S  
W  
E  
L  
C  
O  
M  
E  
S  
A  
L  
T  
L  
A  
K  
E  
T  
O  
M  
O  
S  
T  
C  
O  
R  
D  
I  
A  
L  
D  
O  
H  
I  
M  
H  
O  
N  
O  
R

Minneapolis, Sept. 18.—President Taft came to the Twin Cities of Minnesota today, and with the shadow of death hanging over the governor of the state, received a cordial, but not a demonstrative welcome.

The critical illness of Governor Johnson, probably the most popular executive Minnesota ever has known, entered deeply into the spirit of the day, and the dreaded eventualities threatened for a time during the morning seriously to curtail the program of entertainment both here and at St. Paul.

The president filled the program outlined for his reception. But at every pause in the rushing from place to place he made anxious inquiries as to the latest word from the bedside of the governor whose life hung in the balance at St. Mary's hospital in the little city of Rochester.

President Taft was deeply affected upon his arrival to receive a message of personal greeting from Governor Johnson. The compliment was so unexpected under the circumstances, and coming by dictation from the lips of a man who was reported at the time as having but the faintest chance for life, it called out an immediate response from Mr. Taft, filled with expressions of sympathetic concern and fervent hope for a speedy recovery.

**Prayer for the Governor.**

At his Auditorium speech in St. Paul the president called out a profound applause when he declared of Governor Johnson: "I unite with you in a fervent prayer to God that he may be spared to you and to the country for whose ability, his courage, his great common sense, he cannot be spared. He is too valuable, not alone to the people of this state, but to the people of the nation, who doubtless will insist in time that he shall serve them."

President Taft also aroused enthusiasm with his audiences during the day with many happy references to the civic virtues of the neighboring cities, declaring them to be so much alike that they should combine as one city, with a borough of Minneapolis and a borough of St. Paul.

The president, arriving in Minneapolis shortly before 10 o'clock, began his day with a breakfast at the Minneapolis club, where he is quartered during his stay here until tomorrow night, as the guest of the reception committee of the Twin Cities. Next there was an automobile ride through the business and residence sections of Minneapolis, and the lake shore drives, to the Soldiers' home, where the president reviewed a double line of blue uniformed veterans and then proceeded to Fort Snelling, where there was a review of the regular troops stationed there and a brief reception at the officers' club.

**President's Salute.**

As the president's party entered the military reservation, the chief executive was met by a troop of cavalry, and a salute of twenty-one guns was fired. The president's red flag, bearing the coat-of-arms of the United States on the field of a big blue star surrounded in turn by forty-six small white stars, was borne by a trooper at the president's side throughout his stay on the reservation.

The party then crossed the river into

Continued on Page 2.

P  
O  
L  
A  
R  
C  
O  
N  
T  
R  
O  
V  
E  
R  
S  
I  
S  
I  
S  
R  
A  
G  
I  
N  
G  
F  
I  
E  
R  
C  
E  
L  
I

**DR. COOK WAITS TO HEAR CHARGES**

Will Answer Peary When He Knows What His Rival Has Said.

His Records Will Be Opened When He Reaches New York.

Battle Harbor, by Maroon wireless, via Cape Ray, N. S., Sept. 18.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook evinces the strongest desire to arrive in New York as quickly as possible. He is anxious to prove to America the veracity of his claims, although the charges brought against him by Commander Peary and others do not cause him the slightest concern. He has a complete answer, he says, for everything.

In reply to a question as to what answer he would make to these charges, Dr. Cook said this afternoon: "I will not enter into any controversy until I definitely know what has been brought against me and whence it emanates. Commander Peary's general and articulate charges do not call for any response from me until he gives to the public as much as I have. He has given few details of his journey, claiming that he reached the pole on a certain date, without much else.

"His accusations are founded purely on statements given him by an ignorant man, whom I purposely kept from learning the facts. When I land I will examine the charges and reply when the proper time comes. Peary's declaration, that he is the only man who has been to the pole and will prove it, still awaits proof. As to the affirmation that Peary has evidence to refute my story, that evidence is based on the word of Murphy, the boatswain, who is unable to read or write.

Dr. Cook has received dozens of dispatches daily inviting him to banquets and other functions. He is ready to accept some of these invitations. Many offers have also been made for lectures and magazine articles and on other propositions, which Dr. Cook has declined without exception.

B  
O  
U  
R  
B  
O  
I  
N  
O  
M  
I  
N  
E  
E  
S  
C  
A  
N  
O  
T  
G  
O  
U  
P  
O  
N  
C  
I  
T  
I  
Z  
E  
N  
'  
S  
T  
I  
C  
K

**Act of Last Legislature Prevents This, and No Loophole in Law Can Be Found.**

No Citizens-Democratic ticket will appear on the ballots for the next city election and the plans of the Citizens party to fuse with the Democratic party, which have been carried on without regard for the state laws, will result in a fizzle.

Instead of carrying the name of the Democratic candidate for mayor at its head and a few Democratic nominees for the council, the Citizens ticket will carry a few picturesque blanks.

The meeting of disgruntled citizens held at the Salt Lake theatre Sept. 15 was not a convention within the meaning of the law and the men who were nominated and endorsed at that meeting can be placed on no official ballot as the result of the "convention."

The names of the men who were already nominated by the Democrats can appear on the official ballot only under the roster emblem, and the names of the others nominated by the Citizens can appear on the ballot only through petition of at least fifty citizens, and in this the action of the "convention" will count for nothing.

**A Legal Convention.**

The state law governing nominations by convention or committee which was passed by the last legislature, sets forth clearly that a legal convention must be an organized meeting of voters of a party which at the last election polled at least two per cent of the total vote. In the section regarding nominations other than by convention it is provided that the names of candidates presented by certificate which appear on regular party tickets shall be erased from the ticket presented by certificate.

Attorneys who read the laws carefully yesterday said there was apparently no opportunity to construe them in any manner which would allow the Citizens ticket to bear the names of Democratic nominees if it should find a place on the official ballot. There were conferences between the dictators of the Citizens party and the Democratic leaders yesterday, and by them the point was submitted to some of their attorneys, none of whom could give them any encouragement or suggest a way in which the Citizens could evade in making up the hybrid ticket. Some of the Citizens party managers were in favor of dropping the movement entirely.

P  
O  
L  
A  
R  
C  
O  
N  
T  
R  
O  
V  
E  
R  
S  
I  
S  
I  
S  
R  
A  
G  
I  
N  
G  
F  
I  
E  
R  
C  
E  
L  
I

**PEARY LEAVES ON TRIP TO SYDNEY**

His Records Will Be Opened When He Reaches New York.

Battle Harbor, by Maroon wireless, via Cape Ray, N. S., Sept. 18.—The Arctic steamer "Roosvelt," with Commander Peary aboard, sailed from here at 8 a. m. today for Sydney, Captain Bartlett received orders from Commander Peary to leave the Roosevelt ready on Saturday morning for the voyage to Sydney and also to time his arrival at that port so that they may reach there about 11 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

Commander Peary was asked what he would have done if he had fallen sick at the pole, with no one in the exploring party capable of taking an observation. To this he replied: "My last moments would have been devoted to taking observations, in order to leave the record. I would not permit anything to port so that they may reach there about 11 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

My records are very complete and most carefully kept. They are sealed in skins and parchments, so that if thrown on the ice or in the water they probably would drift for years without sinking or without being damaged and would eventually be found. This priceless package will not be opened until I arrive in New York."

H  
O  
M  
E  
R  
A  
I  
L  
W  
A  
Y  
S  
B  
E  
I  
N  
G  
S  
H  
U  
T  
O  
U  
T

**Department of Commerce and Labor Modifies an Agreement.**

Washington, Sept. 18.—With the broad idea of supporting American business interests in Chinese immigrant transportation, Acting Secretary McHarg of the department of commerce and labor has directed that hereafter the inspection of Chinese coming from the Orient and seeking admission through Canada will be made at Vancouver, Wash. The present "land border ports" of entry for Chinese are to remain open for the entry of Chinese coming from the Orient, furnished at Vancouver with certificates of identity, and for the examination and admission of the small number of Chinese, not from the Orient, desiring to enter from Canada.

Mr. McHarg has ordered that notice be served on the Canadian Pacific railway of the department's intention to modify the agreement of Feb. 23, 1908, to this extent.

This agreement was entered into between the secretary of the treasury and the Canadian Pacific with a view to efficient control of the immigration of Chinese through Canada, and American transportation lines complained that under the agreement the business of carrying Chinese destined to eastern points was steadily falling into the hands of the Canadian Pacific to the serious injury of the American lines.

With the office buildings freed from the fire, although badly damaged, all hose was turned on the roaring, crackling mass of flame which covered over half a square block, and although the Salt Lake firemen did well, their plucky efforts were utterly useless to save any of the lumber in the yard.

Continued on Page 2.

S  
E  
N  
A  
T  
O  
R  
B  
A  
I  
L  
E  
'  
S  
R  
E  
P  
L  
I  
T  
O  
B  
R  
Y  
A  
N  
'  
S  
T  
A  
R  
I  
F  
F  
S  
P  
E  
E  
C  
H

**Radical Difference Between the Texan and the Perpetual Democratic Candidate.**

Dallas, Sept. 18.—United States Senator J. W. Bailey tonight replied to an address delivered here last Tuesday by William J. Bryan on "Democracy and the Tariff."

Mr. Bryan declared for free raw material and reduced rates on manufactured goods and severely arraigned the Texas Democratic platform of 1906, which denounced this doctrine. Senator Bailey contended tonight for low revenue duties on both raw material and manufactured articles.

Senator Bailey defined the declaration in the Texas Democratic platform of 1906, which arraigned the Wilson bill for admitting raw materials free of duty while manufactured articles were protected by heavy duties. He declared that the Texas platform was in harmony with the tariff plank of the national Democratic platform of 1896, when Mr. Bryan was a candidate.

Taking up the four reasons advanced by Mr. Bryan in favor of free raw materials, Senator Bailey made reply to each in detail.

"My answer to those who demand free raw material in order that our manufacturers may compete in the markets of the world, is that I am willing to take the tax off raw material whenever they are willing to take the tax off the finished product," said Senator Bailey. "I believe that American consumers are as much entitled to the benefit of competi-

Continued on Page 2.

T  
R  
O  
P  
I  
C  
A  
L  
S  
T  
O  
R  
M  
I  
S  
A  
P  
P  
R  
O  
A  
C  
H  
I  
N  
G

**Weather Bureau Officials Say It Will Strike Gulf Coast by Monday.**

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 18.—The weather bureau this morning issued the following:

"Center of tropical disturbance passed over Pinar Del Rio province, Cuba, last night, and is now central about 100 miles north of the Yucatan channel and apparently moving toward the central portion of the Gulf of Mexico.

Washington, Sept. 18.—The tropical hurricane which was first reported over western Cuba, passed over Pinar Del Rio province, Cuba, last night, and is now about 100 miles north of the Yucatan channel.

The disturbance apparently is moving northwesterly toward the central portion of the Gulf of Mexico. It should reach the American Gulf coast by Monday. Just what portion of the coast will strike officials of the weather bureau are unable to determine at present. Warnings have been issued to shipping.

Havana, Sept. 18.—A severe storm passed over Pinar Del Rio province yesterday. The telegraph wires are down and the extent of the damage is not yet known here. The coasting steamer Juan Alfonso, lying in the harbor of Esperanza, dragged her anchor and went ashore. A tug was sent to her assistance.

**STREET-CAR MEN OUT.**

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 18.—The street car system of Omaha and Council Bluffs was unexpectedly put out of commission today when the trainmen went on strike. The walkout was so unexpected that not even the street railway officials were prepared for it, and it worked no little hardship on suburban and other patrons of outlying districts.

**SKULL FRACTURED IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT**

Circleville, O., Sept. 18.—Mrs. Warren B. Thomas of Coulmbus was thrown from an automobile today and suffered from a fractured skull.

G  
O  
V  
E  
R  
N  
O  
R  
J  
O  
H  
N  
S  
O  
N  
H  
A  
S  
A  
B  
A  
R  
E  
C  
H  
A  
N  
C  
E  
T  
O  
R  
E  
C  
O  
V  
E  
R

**Doctors Consider His Condition Encouraging Though the Crisis Has Not Been Passed.**

Rochester, Minn., Sept. 18.—Governor Johnson today had the best day since his operation Wednesday and tonight Doctors Mayo and McNevin agreed that his condition was encouraging.

Dr. William Mayo said this evening:

"Governor Johnson is resting quietly and is cheerful. If he pulls through tomorrow, I think he will live, and I think he will pull through tomorrow."

Doctors William and Charles Mayo and C. T. McNevin all caught the governor's pulse and temperature at the same marks, 102 and 98, respectively, at 6 o'clock. When asked by Dr. McNevin how he felt, Governor Johnson said:

"Pretty well, Mac; much better than yesterday. I have had scarcely any pains this afternoon at all."

Mrs. Johnson, who has been in constant attendance at her husband's bedside during the day walked with a lighter step and looked less careworn when she left the hospital tonight.

In speaking of Governor Johnson's chances for recovery, Dr. McNevin said:

"While I do not wish to give a false impression or minimize the very great danger that Governor Johnson is still in, I cannot help feeling encouraged by the slow, but gradual improvement of

S  
E  
N  
A  
T  
O  
R  
B  
A  
I  
L  
E  
'  
S  
R  
E  
P  
L  
I  
T  
O  
B  
R  
Y  
A  
N  
'  
S  
T  
A  
R  
I  
F  
F  
S  
P  
E  
E  
C  
H

**Radical Difference Between the Texan and the Perpetual Democratic Candidate.**

Dallas, Sept. 18.—United States Senator J. W. Bailey tonight replied to an address delivered here last Tuesday by William J. Bryan on "Democracy and the Tariff."

Mr. Bryan declared for free raw material and reduced rates on manufactured goods and severely arraigned the Texas Democratic platform of 1906, which denounced this doctrine. Senator Bailey contended tonight for low revenue duties on both raw material and manufactured articles.

Senator Bailey defined the declaration in the Texas Democratic platform of 1906, which arraigned the Wilson bill for admitting raw materials free of duty while manufactured articles were protected by heavy duties. He declared that the Texas platform was in harmony with the tariff plank of the national Democratic platform of 1896, when Mr. Bryan was a candidate.

Taking up the four reasons advanced by Mr. Bryan in favor of free raw materials, Senator Bailey made reply to each in detail.

"My answer to those who demand free raw material in order that our manufacturers may compete in the markets of the world, is that I am willing to take the tax off raw material whenever they are willing to take the tax off the finished product," said Senator Bailey. "I believe that American consumers are as much entitled to the benefit of competi-

Continued on Page 2.

L  
E  
F  
T  
H  
O  
M  
E  
L  
E  
S  
A  
N  
D  
D  
E  
S  
T  
I  
T  
U  
T  
E

**Consul Hanna, at Monterey, Mex., Makes Appeal for Flood Sufferers.**

Washington, Sept. 18.—The flood sufferers from the two northern states in Mexico are still appealing for help. United States Consul Hanna at Monterey, in a telegram to the state department, describes the destitute condition of the people and the great necessity for immediate assistance, and closes by saying:

"I hope and pray and beg that our people act, and act promptly."

He states that no perishable goods of any kind should be sent but shelled corn, rice, beans, plain clothing, shoes, lightweight bedding and cooking utensils are urgently needed, he says, and at least 5,000 cheap blankets to protect the people from the cold weather.

Charitable societies and churches are appealed to to relieve the great amount of suffering which prevails among the people, and Mr. Hanna states that articles will be admitted free of duty, and express companies, if asked, will send supplies forward without charge.

**DELIBERATELY WALKED IN FRONT OF TRAIN**

Fresno, Cal., Sept. 18.—Worrying over the loss of her home, which was destroyed by fire Thursday morning, Mrs. Anna Huber, 86 years of age, deliberately walked in front of a swiftly moving Southern Pacific train at Crockett crossing today and was killed.

P  
I  
N  
N  
E  
D  
B  
E  
N  
E  
A  
T  
A  
N  
A  
U  
T  
O  
M  
O  
B  
I  
L  
E

**Colonel George B. M. Harvey Injured and Narrowly Escapes Death.**

Manahawken, N. J., Sept. 18.—Colonel George B. M. Harvey, president of Harper & Brothers, and editor of the North American Review and Harper's Weekly, was close to death in an automobile accident here today. Although pinned beneath an overturned two-ton car, he escaped with a broken collarbone and minor injuries, which probably will keep him indoors a few days.

J. Henry Harper and his son, who occupied seats in the colonel's machine, and who were thrown out when the car turned turtle while running at high speed, were only slightly bruised. The chauffeur suffered a sprained ankle.

Colonel Harvey and his guests were on their way from the publisher's home at Deal Beach, N. J., to Atlantic City, where they planned to attend the funeral of Mayo Williamson Hazeltine, for many years book reviewer for the New York Sun.

Suddenly on the narrow turnpike a motorcycle came into view, racing straight toward Colonel Harvey's car. Collision seemed inevitable, but the chauffeur swung his steering wheel violently to the right, running off the road and up to the bushy side of a tall sand ridge.

The big car turned upside down, pinning Colonel Harvey underneath it and hurling out the other members of the party.

Colonel Harvey was unconscious when extricated. He revived quickly, however, and was removed to a hotel. Tonight he was taken back to his home at Deal Beach.

**GOVERNOR JOHNSON HAS A BARE CHANCE TO RECOVER**

**Doctors Consider His Condition Encouraging Though the Crisis Has Not Been Passed.**

Rochester, Minn., Sept. 18.—Governor Johnson today had the best day since his operation Wednesday and tonight Doctors Mayo and McNevin agreed that his condition was encouraging.

Dr. William Mayo said this evening:

"Governor Johnson is resting quietly and is cheerful. If he pulls through tomorrow, I think he will live, and I think he will pull through tomorrow."

Doctors William and Charles Mayo and C. T. McNevin all caught the governor's pulse and temperature at the same marks, 102 and 98, respectively, at 6 o'clock. When asked by Dr. McNevin how he felt, Governor Johnson said:

"Pretty well, Mac; much better than yesterday. I have had scarcely any pains this afternoon at all."

Mrs. Johnson, who has been in constant attendance at her husband's bedside during the day walked with a lighter step and looked less careworn when she left the hospital tonight.

In speaking of Governor Johnson's chances for recovery, Dr. McNevin said:

"While I do not wish to give a false impression or minimize the very great danger that Governor Johnson is still in, I cannot help feeling encouraged by the slow, but gradual improvement of